Physics 140 Discovery Room #3

1.3 gravitational potential energy; 2.2 kinetic energy; 2.3 linear momentum, impulse, collisions, angular

Na	ame	Date/Time
Su	per/clay ball with cars	
Col	ollide the clay ball with the car by putting the car against the storck to the bar, and releasing. Just let the ball godo not push or Why did the car move? What did the ball exchange with the control of the ball exchange with the ball exchange with the control of the ball exchange with the cont	pull on it.
	ow repeat with the super ball. What changed about the car? What changed about the ball's r does this explain the car's behavior?	notion after the collision? How
3.	(a) What has kinetic and gravitational potential energy be the collision? (c) At the moment the car's motion reverse	
Но	wo identical marbles and foam old the two marbles at the same height, one over the foam and on Describe the energy of the two marbles as you hold them.	ne over the floor.
Dro 2.	op both marbles. Immediately after you drop them, what is the momentum of ea	ach marble?
3.	Which imparts the most force to the floor?	

4.	What is the total change in momentum for each marble? How is impulse demonstrated in this experiment?		
 Different Weights on Rotating Stool Sit on the stool and hold the two weights close to your body. Push with your feet and start spinning. 1. As you spin, move your arms away from your body. What happens? Can you think of explanation? 			
2.	Then pull your arms close to your body again. What happens?		
3.	Can you think of examples where you have seen this effect?		
Rotating Stool with Bicycle Wheel Sit on the stool, hold the bicycle wheel horizontal and start it spinning. Then move the bicycle wheel to a vertical position. 1. How does the angular momentum of the bicycle wheel change?			
2.	How does your angular momentum change? Why does your angular momentum change?		